



Getting into HF

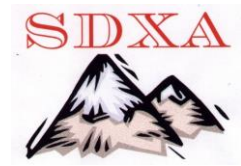
Sponsored by the Spokane DX Association
Presented by Del Morissette (WA7AQH) & Mel Ming (N7GCO)

Why Get into HF, at all?

- You have an audience of thousands....people of all races, politics, creeds and languages waiting to contact you.
- Ragchewing... over great distances to foreign countries
- DXing using ionospheric refraction supplied by Nature. No third party wires, cell towers or repeater connections...often it is you and Mother Nature supplying the path
- Net participation...traffic...weather...folks with common interests. They also provide a gathering place in the event of emergencies.
- Awards collecting ...WAS, DXCC, WAC, WAZ, counting hunting, etc.
- Contests... either by yourself or with others using one or multiple transmitters.
- Transmitter hunts...even on 80M
- DIY construction and use of simple transmitters, antennas, shack accessories.
- Learning.
- Multiple modes...SSB phone, digital (FT8/FT4, RTTY, PSK,etc.), CW, SSTV

How does HF differ from VHF/UHF?

- Propagation of signals is affected heavily by the sun cycle
- Grounding and bonding become much more important
- Noise levels tend to be higher
- Coax losses are much lower
- Frequency accuracy and stability are more critical
- Signal fading is much more of a factor
- Signals that aren't clean have a bigger impact on other users
- And, probably most importantly, how do I convince my spouse that this is a good thing.



Equipment for Getting into HF?

1. Power Supply

Types:

- Linear
- Switching

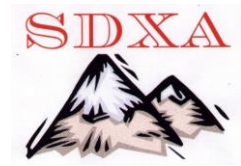
Recommendations and suggestions:

- 1) A linear power supply of at least 30 amps.
Many radios need 15-20 amps, and for any continuous mode like ragchewing or digital you will need 30 amps for these radios. Mel likes "linear" and recommends the Astron Power Supplies with meters. They will last your lifetime. Can often get these used at a good price. One of the SDXA members recently purchased a 30 amp Astron on Ebay for \$100. For switching power supplies we recommend Samlex or Powerwerx.
- 2) Buy more "amps" than you think you will need, for it will power your entire station and accessories. If you have enough amps, you can power many station accessories and eliminate many noisy wall warts.
- 3) Use Anderson Power Poles for all power connections. Many power supplies do not come with Anderson Power Poles, so you will need to add a jumper. When you are just getting started you can borrow a Power Pole crimper for someone or have them come over and help you get setup.
- 4) Get a West Mountain Rig Runner for power distribution. We have found these to be more reliable than some other manufactories.

2. Radios

Things to consider:

- Bands: 6, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 30, 40, 60, 80, 160
- Filters
- DSP
- Internal Sound Card (For digital modes)
- Antenna Tuner
- USB Connection to computer
- SDR
- Waterfall Display
- Direct Sampling or SDR



Suggestions:

- 1) You can buy used radios, but most will not have a built in sound card.
- 2) On many older rigs, you cannot get replacement parts.
- 3) If you can afford it, the newer SDR radios have excellent receive features including waterfalls.

Recommendations:

Minimum: (\$500-600)

Icom 706 MKIIG (\$450-500, Icom 7000 (\$600), Yaesu FT 857 or Yaesu FT 891 (\$500-600). NOTE: None of these will have built in sound cards or be SDR's.

Plus Signalink USB (\$150 for Unit and cable) Used for about \$75.

Recommended: (\$1,000)

1. If you already have a 2 meter/440 radio, we recommend the Icom 7300. It is an SDR radio with build in sound card (No need to buy separate sound card). It is an unbelievable value for what you get. You can buy one of these for under \$1,000 new.
2. If you don't have a 2 meter/440 radio, we recommend the Icom 7100. It has all bands and a built in Sound Card.

Higher level Possibilities: (\$3,000-6,000)

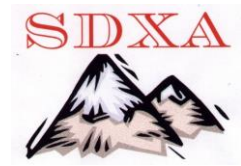
- Flex 6600
- Elecraft K3
- Icom 7610
- Yaesu FT 101D

3. Antenna

Mostly depends on where you live.

Recommendations and Suggestions:

- 1) If you have a large lot with tall trees, you can use a multiband dipole or in verted V (example Alpha Delta ALF-DX-CC 82'). If is quite easy to make a 20/40/80 meter dipole.
- 2) If you have a large lawn, you can use a vertical with at least 16 radials (examples Butternut HF9V or HF6V or Hustler 6BTV)
- 3) If you are in a HOA or condo, you might consider End Feed multiband antenna (example MyAntenna EFHW-8010) or a long wire with a broadband antenna tuner (Example Icom AH4). These can be almost invisible.



- 4) You can find an experienced ham who has a quality antenna analyzer to help you tune your antenna. You don't need to buy one initially.

NOTE:

1. Don't think you can't get on HF because of your location. One ham in a recent CQ Magazine shared how he used his rain gutters as an antenna.
2. Bob Zavrel (W7SX) worked over 300 countries using only wire antennas in trees.
3. Gary Swartout (K7GS) worked over 330 countries from a small Spokane city lot.

4. Computer Related

- 1) Logging software

Recommendations and Suggestions:

- A popular general logging program that is free is "Logger32"
- Popular general logging programs that are easy to use, but cost include: N3FJP ALog (\$25 for life) and Ham Radio Deluxe (initial cost plus yearly update fee)
- For contests N1MM is the standard and it is free. Mel likes the contest software from N3FJP.

- 2) Spotting programs

- Many, if not most, logging programs have it built in (Example N3FJP AC Log and Ham Radio Deluxe.
- There are web based spotting programs like DX Maps, DX Summit, and DX Watch.
- There are stand-alone spotting programs VE7CC and DXLabs Spot Collector.

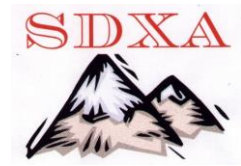
- 3) Digital programs

- WSJT-X (FT8/FT4)
- Winlink
- Fldigi

- 4) Rig Command and Control

- Command
- Control

- 5) Audio



5. Other

Antenna Tuners

Must be able to handle the power output of the transceiver.

Some can only handle up to 10-1 like the LDG.

Most are limited to 50% power on continuous modes

Sample Getting Started Packages:

1. Used (\$790.00)
 - Icom 706 MKIIG (\$500.00)
 - Signalink USB (\$75.00)
 - Power supply (\$75.00)
 - 100' RG8X (\$60.00) New ***
 - Homemade dipole (\$80.00)

2. Without built in sound card (\$1372.00)
 - Kit from DX Engineering
 - Yaesu FT-450D
 - Samlex 1235 Power Supply
 - Heil Sound PS6 Headset
 - Heil Sound adaptor cable
 - DX Engineering foot switch
 - 100' RG8X coax cable ***
 - Buckmaster DX-OCF Dipole Antenna

3. With built in sound card (\$1,518.00)
 - Icom 7300 (\$1,080.00)
 - Samlex 1235 Power Supply (\$136.00)
 - 100' RG8X Coax Cable (\$60.00) ***
 - Buckmaster DX-OCF Dipole Antenna (\$242.00)**

4. VHF/UHF/HF with built in Sound Card (\$1358.00)
 - Icom 7100 (\$920.00)
 - Samlex 1235 Power Supply (\$136.00)
 - 100' RG8X Coax Cable (\$60.00) ***
 - Buckmaster DX-OCF Dipole Antenna (\$242.00)**



** Alternatives to Buckmaster DX-OCF Dipole Antenna

WIRE (Multiband)

- Home made trap dipole
- MyAntenna EFHW-8010-1K (8 Band) (\$170.00)
- WA2NAN True-Talk G5RV (\$100.00 on ebay)
- Alpha Delta DX-EE (\$160.00)

VERTICAL

- Hustler 6BTV Vertical (6 Band) (\$242.00) (Needs Radials)
- Butternut HF9V Vertical (9 band) (\$605.00) (Needs Radials)

LONG WIRE

- Icom AH-4 and long wire (all bands) (\$300.00) Can be loop, long wire, for vertical

TOWER

If you can put up a tower, a good basic start would be: (About \$1,000)

- Used Rohn 25 (35' plus) – (Rohn 45 is better)
- Used Tribander (3 bands) or new Hexbeam (5 or 6 band) or Cobweb
- Used Rotator

*** Alternatives to RG8X coax

100' DX Engineering 400 MAX (\$120.00)

This is usually a one-time purchased and it general pays to upgrade to 400 MAX if you can.

HANDOUTS

DX Engineering Catalog

Ham Radio Outlet Catalog

Icom 7300 Brochure

Icom 7100 Brochure

US Grid Square Map (Icom)

USA Amateur Radio Bands Chart (Icom)